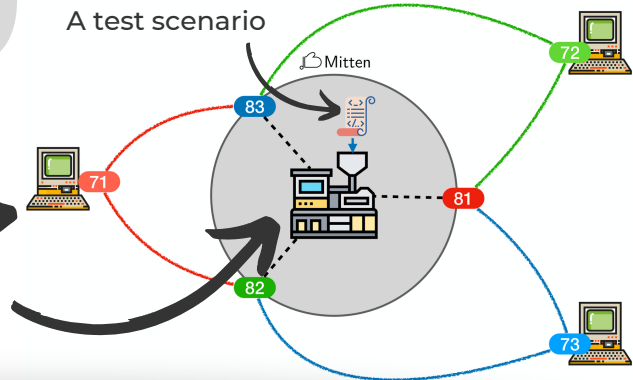


Parameterizable
Man-In-The-Middle
proxy to run test scenarios
on consensus protocols
implementations

node whose port is 71 sees node whose
port is 73 through mitten proxy port 83

Matching exchanged messages against the
scenario and forwarding desired ones

A test scenario



FEATURES

- ✓ Declarative scenario description language
- ✓ Combinators for scenario steps (sequence, disjunctions, loops, parallel composition)
- ✓ Assertions written with the full power of OCaml
- ✓ Modular implementation (engine for forwarding, engine for matching, etc.)
- ✓ Man-In-The-Middle proxy to monitor and act on messages on P2P network
- ✓ Messages reorg, delay or loss, clocks drift
- ✓ No instrumentation required to run code (nodes)

EXAMPLE

```
let scenario = seq [
  wait (propose a (level 3) (round 0) p1 [a;b]);
  (preendorse a (level 3) (round 0) __ [a;b] &&
   preendorse b (level 3) (round 0) __ [a;b]) ;
  endorse b (level 3) (round 0) __ [a;b];
  propose b (level 3) (round 1) p1 [a;b]
]
```

At level 3, round 1, node **b**
should re-propose payload
p1 it already endorsed at (3,0)

